

$$G_{1,k} = 25 \cdot 0.3 \cdot 2.80 = 21,0 \text{ kN}$$

$$G_{2,k} = 25 \cdot 0.8 \cdot 1.50 = 30 \text{ kN}$$

$$Q_{1,k} = 3,0 \frac{\text{kN}}{\text{m}} \cdot 3,60 = 10,8 \text{ kN}$$

$$Q_{2,k} = 9,0 \cdot \frac{3,60}{2} = 16,2 \text{ kN}$$

Elcsúszás:

$$E_{d,\text{stabil}} = \sum \delta \mu G_k = 0,9 \cdot 0,8 (21 + 30) = 36,7 \text{ kN}$$

$$E_{d,\text{destabil}} = \sum \delta Q_k = 1,3 (10,8 + 16,2) = 35,1 \leq E_{d,\text{stabil}}$$

elcsúszásra megfelel

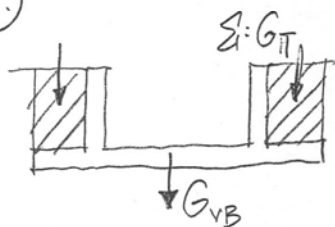
Felborulás

$$M_{d,\text{stabil}} = \sum \delta G_k z = 0,9 (21 \cdot 1,2 + 30 \cdot 0,6) = 38,9 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_{d,\text{destabil}} = \sum \delta Q_k z = 1,3 (10,8 \cdot 1,8 + 16,2 \cdot 1,2) = 50,5 \text{ kNm} > M_{d,\text{stabil}}$$

felborulásra nem felel meg

2.



$$G_{VB,k} = \sum \delta_{VB} V = 25 \frac{\text{kN}}{\text{m}^3} \left[ (4^2 - 3,5^2) \cdot 1,50 + 0,25 a^2 \right]$$

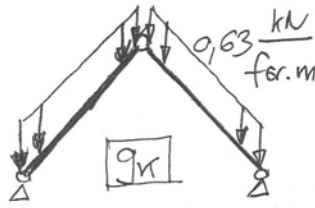
$$G_{T,k} = \sum \delta_{T} \cdot V_T = 18 \frac{\text{kN}}{\text{m}^3} (a^2 - 4^2) \cdot 1,50$$

$$E_{d,\text{stb}} = 0,9 [25 (5,63 + 0,25 a^2) + 27 (a^2 - 16)] = 29,9 a^2 - 262,1$$

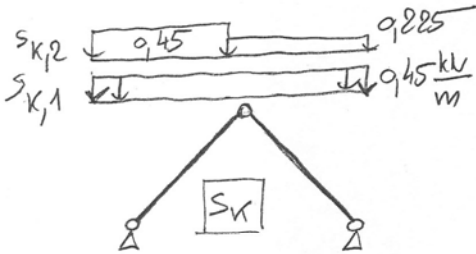
$$E_{d,\text{dst}} = \underline{\underline{1,0}} \cdot a^2 \cdot 1,75 \cdot 10 \frac{\text{kN}}{\text{m}^3} = 17,5 a^2 \quad (\text{viz!})$$

$$E_{d,\text{stb}} \geq E_{d,\text{dst}} \rightarrow 29,9 a^2 - 262,1 \geq 17,5 a^2 \rightarrow a \geq \sqrt{\frac{262,1}{12,4}} = 4,59 \text{ m} \rightarrow \underline{\underline{4,60 \text{ m}}}$$

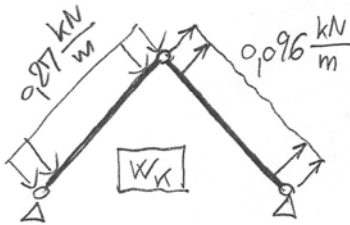
3.)



$$g_k = 6 \frac{\text{kN}}{\text{m}^3} \cdot 0,1 \cdot 0,15 + 0,90 \text{ m} \cdot 0,6 \frac{\text{kN}}{\text{ferde m}^2} = 0,63 \frac{\text{kN}}{\text{ferde m}}$$



$$s_k = t \mu_1 \cdot s_0 = 0,90 \text{ m} \cdot 0,4 \cdot 1,25 \frac{\text{kN}}{\text{m}^2} = 0,45 \frac{\text{kN}}{\text{vet. m}}$$



$$\left. \begin{aligned} d &= 6,0 \text{ m} > h = 5,9 \text{ m} \\ d &= 6,0 > b/2 = 10/2 = 5,0 \text{ m} \end{aligned} \right\} \rightarrow [1]$$

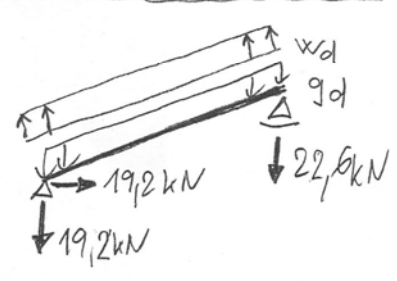
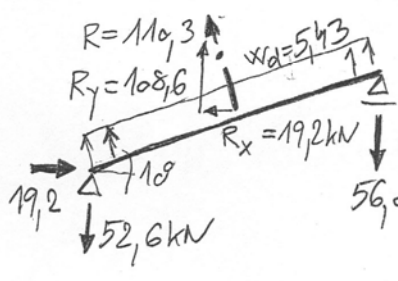
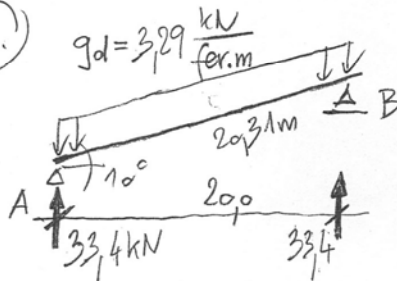
$$h = 5,9 \text{ m} (6,0 \text{ m}) \rightarrow q_p(z) = 0,484 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

$$w_{k,1} = c_{pe}^1 \cdot q_p(z) \cdot t = 0,62 \cdot 0,484 \cdot 0,90 = 0,27 \frac{\text{kN}}{\text{fer. m}}$$

$$w_{k,2} = c_{pe}^2 \cdot q_p(z) \cdot t = -0,22 \cdot 0,484 \cdot 0,90 = 0,096 \frac{\text{kN}}{\text{f. m}}$$

- Teherkombinacick:
- ①  $\delta_{G,sup} \cdot g_k + \delta_{Q,sup} [s_{k,1} + \gamma_0 \cdot w_k] = 1,35 g_k + 1,5 \cdot s_{k,1} + 0,6 \cdot 1,5 \cdot w_k$
  - ②  $\delta_{G,sup} \cdot g_k + \delta_{Q,sup} [\gamma_0^s \cdot s_{k,1} + w_k] = 1,35 g_k + 0,5 \cdot 1,5 s_{k,1} + 1,5 \cdot w_k$
  - ③  $\delta_{G,sup} \cdot g_k + \delta_{Q,sup} [s_{k,2} + \gamma_0^w \cdot w_k] = 1,35 g_k + 1,5 s_{k,2} + 0,6 \cdot 1,5 w_k$
  - ④  $\delta_{G,sup} \cdot g_k + \delta_{Q,sup} [\gamma_0^s \cdot s_{k,2} + w_k] = 1,35 g_k + 0,5 \cdot 1,5 s_{k,2} + 1,5 w_k$
- Stabilitas: !
- ⑤  $\delta_{G,inf} \cdot g_k + \delta_{Q,sup} \cdot w_k = 0,9 \cdot g_k + 1,5 \cdot w_k$

4.)



$$g_d = 0,90 \left[ 0,16 \cdot 1,20 \cdot 6 \frac{\text{kN}}{\text{m}^3} + 5,0 \cdot 0,5 \frac{\text{kN}}{\text{m}^2} \right] = 3,29 \frac{\text{kN}}{\text{f. m}}$$

$$A = B = 3,29 \cdot 20,31 / 2 = 33,4 \text{ kN} (\uparrow)$$

$$w_d = 1,5 \cdot \left[ -0,94 \cdot 0,27 \frac{\text{kN}}{\text{m}^2} \cdot 5,0 \text{ m} \right] = 5,43 \frac{\text{kN}}{\text{f. m}}$$

$d > h \rightarrow [1]$   $\frac{h}{q(8 \text{ m})}$

$$\sum M_A = 0 \rightarrow B = \frac{5,43 \cdot 20,31^2}{2 \cdot 20,0} = 56,0 \text{ kN} (\downarrow)$$

$$\sum V = 0 \rightarrow A_y = 108,6 - 56 = 52,6 \text{ kN} (\downarrow)$$

5. Vb. födém

15 cm kerámia	$0,015 \text{ m} \cdot 24 \text{ kN/m}^3 = 0,36$
5 cm beton	$0,05 \cdot 24 = 1,20$
1 vrtg PE fólia	—
2 cm lépcsősíli üveggöngyopt	$0,02 \cdot 0,35 = 0,01$
12 cm vasbeton lemez	$0,12 \cdot 25 = 3,00$
1,5 cm vakolat	$0,015 \cdot 20 = 0,30$
+ 25/25 cm ledőgő vb. gar	$\frac{0,25^2}{1,50} \cdot 25 = 1,04$
+ 2 x 15/25 cm vakolat/gar.	$\frac{2 \cdot 0,015 \cdot 0,25 \cdot 20}{1,50} = 0,10$ (elmaradhat)
	$g_k = 6,01 \text{ kN/m}^2$
	$g_d = 1,35 \cdot 6,01 = 8,11 \frac{\text{kN}}{\text{m}^2}$

Fa lapostető

5 cm kavicsöntés	$0,05 \cdot 16,0 \frac{\text{kN}}{\text{m}^3} = 0,80$ (0,90)
2 vrtg bitumenes vrtg. lemez	$2 \cdot 0,05 \text{ kN/m}^2 = 0,10$
5,7 cm Kerto-Q fűrészfa	$0,057 \cdot 6 \text{ kN/m}^3 = 0,34$
16/30 cm fagerenda $t=3,0 \text{ m}$	$\frac{9 \cdot 16 \cdot 0,30 \cdot 6 \text{ kN/m}^3}{3,0} = 0,10$
	$g_k = 1,34 \text{ kN/m}^2$ (1,44)
	$g_d = 1,35 \cdot 1,34 = 1,81 \frac{\text{kN}}{\text{m}^2}$ (1,94)

6. Fűtőkabó:  $t=1,5 \text{ m}$

$g_d = 8,11 \frac{\text{kN}}{\text{m}^2} \cdot 1,5 \text{ m} = 12,17 \frac{\text{kN}}{\text{m}}$

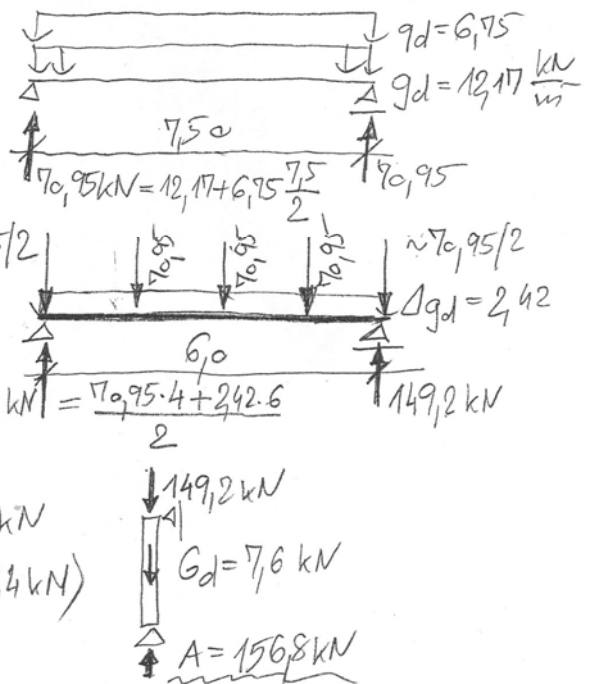
$g_d = 1,5 \cdot 3,0 \frac{\text{kN}}{\text{m}^2} \cdot 1,5 \text{ m} = 6,75 \frac{\text{kN}}{\text{m}}$

Mestergerenda (ledőgő):

$\Delta g_d = 1,35 (0,25^2 \cdot 25 + 3 \cdot 0,25 \cdot 0,15 \cdot 20) = 2,42 \frac{\text{kN}}{\text{m}}$

Osztóp (önsúly)

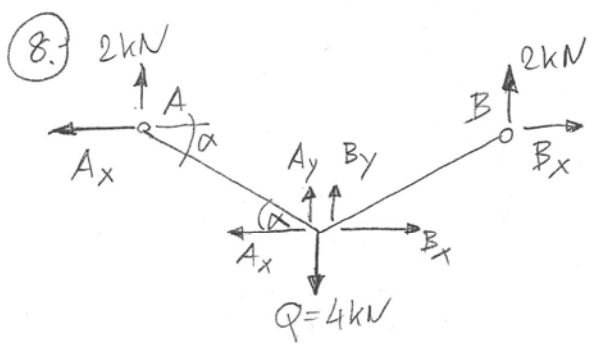
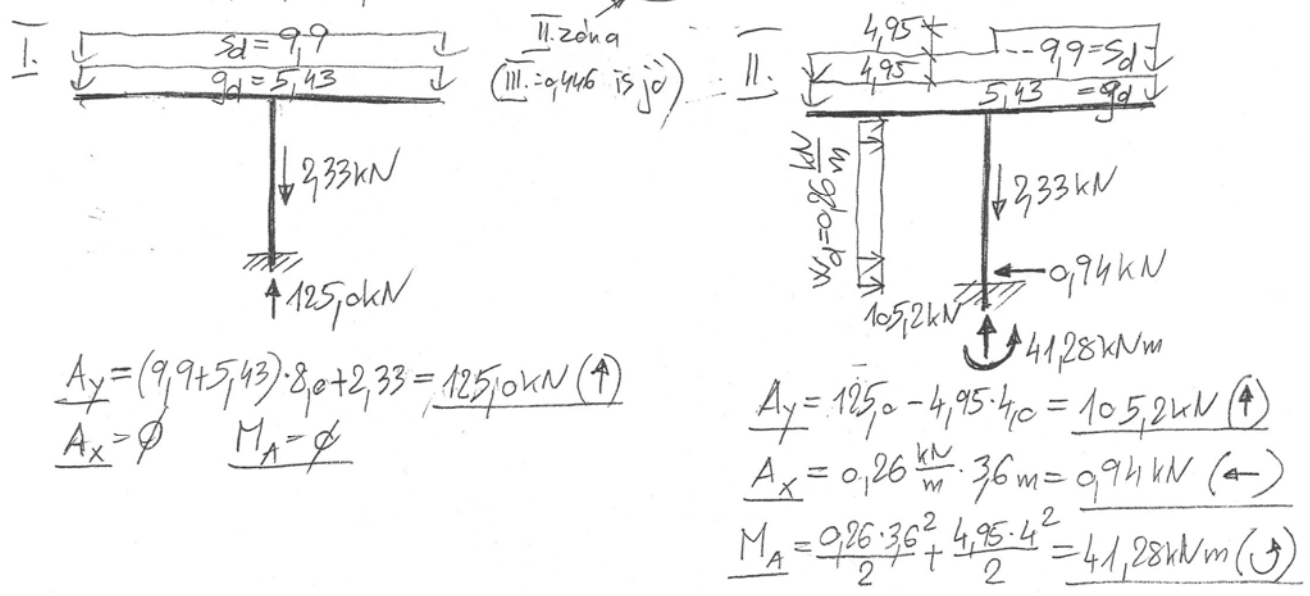
$G_d = 1,35 [0,25^2 \cdot 25 + (0,28^2 - 0,25^2) \cdot 20] \cdot 3,0 = 7,6 \text{ kN}$   
 (vakolat elmaradhat  $\rightarrow$  6,4 kN)



7.)  $G_{d, \text{pillér}} = 1,35 \cdot 2 \cdot 0,10 \cdot 0,40 \cdot 3,6 \cdot 6 \frac{\text{kN}}{\text{m}^3} = 2,33 \text{ kN}$   $g_d^{\text{teljes}} = 1,81 \cdot 3,0 = 5,43 \frac{\text{kN}}{\text{m}}$  (1,9k) (5,82)

$s_d = \gamma_Q \cdot \mu \cdot s_o \cdot t = 1,5 \cdot 0,8 \cdot 2,75 \frac{\text{kN}}{\text{m}^2} \cdot 3,0 \text{ m} = 9,9 \text{ kN/m}$  (hátr 1000 m)

$w_d = \gamma_Q \cdot c_{pe} \cdot q_p(z) \cdot b = 1,5 \cdot 1,4 \cdot 0,627 \frac{\text{kN}}{\text{m}^2} \cdot 2 \cdot 0,10 \text{ m} = 0,26 \text{ kN/m}$  (0,185)



$\sum V = \emptyset \quad A_y = B_y = \frac{4 \text{ kN}}{2} = 2 \text{ kN} (\uparrow)$

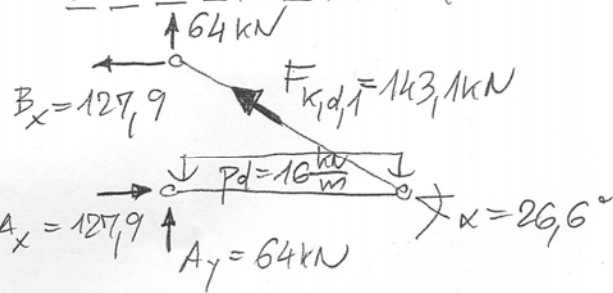
$A_x = B_x = \frac{A_y}{\tan \alpha} = \frac{2 \text{ kN}}{\tan \alpha}$

$F_{\text{kötél}} = A = B = \frac{A_y}{\sin \alpha} = \frac{2 \text{ kN}}{\sin \alpha}$

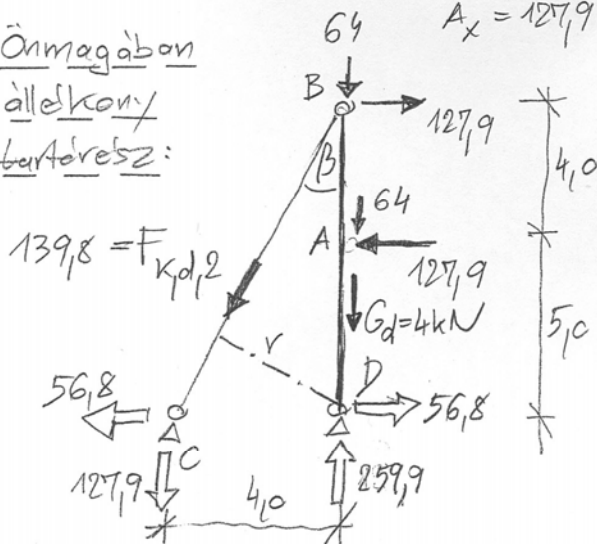
$\alpha^\circ$	$A_y = B_y (\uparrow)$	$A_x = B_x (\leftarrow)$	$A = B (\nearrow)$
45°	2 kN	2 kN	2,83 kN
30°		3,46 kN	4,0 kN
15°		7,46 kN	7,73 kN
0°		nem exensit hozható	

9.

Beakassát tartó tartó (előbbségi)



Önmagában  
állékony  
tartóvársz:



$$\beta = \arctan \frac{4,0}{9,0} = 23,96^\circ$$

$$r = 9 \cdot \sin 23,96^\circ = 3,66 \text{ m}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sum M_D = 0 & \quad 127,9 \cdot 9,0 - 127,9 \cdot 5,0 - F_{k,d,2} \cdot 3,66 = 0 \rightarrow F_{k,d,2} = 139,8 \text{ kN} \\ C_y = 139,8 \cdot \cos 23,96^\circ = 127,9 \text{ kN} (\downarrow) & \quad C_x = 139,8 \cdot \sin 23,96^\circ = 56,8 \text{ kN} (\leftarrow) \\ \sum Y = 0 & \quad 127,9 + 64 + 64 + 4 - D_y = 0 \rightarrow D_y = 259,9 \text{ kN} (\uparrow) \\ \sum X = 0 & \quad 127,9 - 127,9 - 56,8 + D_x = 0 \rightarrow D_x = 56,8 \text{ kN} (\rightarrow) \end{aligned}$$